Q1	. Given below are two statements:							
	Statement (I): Planck's constant and angular momen	tum have the same dimensions.						
	Statement (II): Linear momentum and moment of force have the same dimensions. though /// mothongo							
	In light of the above statements, choose the correct a	nswer from the options given below:						
	(1) Statement I is true but Statement II is false (2) Both Statement I and Statement II are false							
	(3) Both Statement I and Statement II are true	(4) Statement I is false but Statement II is true						
Q2		plane is given by $\mathrm{S}=2\mathrm{t}^2\hat{\mathrm{j}}+5\widehat{\mathrm{k}}$ (where t is in second). The						
	magnitude and direction of velocity of the ant at $t=1 \mathrm{\ s}$ will be :							
		(2) 4 m s^{-1} in x-direction mathongo /// mathongo						
	(3) 9 m s ^{-1} in z-direction	(4) 4 m s^{-1} in y-direction						
Q3	. A train is moving with a speed of $12~\mathrm{m~s^{-1}}$ on rails v	which are 1.5 m apart. To negotiate a curve radius 400 m,						
	the height by which the outer rail should be raised with respect to the inner rail is (Given, $g = 10 \text{ m s}^{-2}$):							
	(1) 6.0 cm	(2) 5.4 cm mathongo mathongo						
	(3) 4.8 cm	(4) 4. 2 cm						
	mathongo /// mathongo /// mathongo	///. mathongo ///. mathongo ///. mathongo						
Q4		ual kinetic energies. The ratio of magnitude of their linear						
	$(1) \ 3:5$	$(2) \ 5:4$						
	(3) 2:5 mathongo /// mathongo	(4) 4:5 mathongo /// mathongo						
05	. A body of mass 1000 kg is moving horizontally with	n a velocity $6~{ m m~s^{-1}}$. If $200~{ m kg}$ extra mass is added, the						
111.		///. mathongo ///. mathongo ///. mathongo						
	(1) 6	(2) 2						
		(4) 5 mathongo /// mathongo /// mathongo						
Q6		th is g. If the diameter of earth reduces to half of its original						
	value and mass remains constant, then acceleration d							
	$(1) \frac{g}{4}$	$(2) \ 2g$						
	(3) $\frac{g}{2}$ ongo /// mathongo	(4) $4g$ mathongo /// mathongo /// mathongo						
07	. Given below are two statements:							
177.	Statement (I): Viscosity of gases is greater than that	of liquids. /// mathongo /// mathongo						
	Statement (II): Surface tension of a liquid decreases	•						
In the light of the above statements, choose the most appropriate answer from the options given below: (1) Statement I is correct but statement II is incorrect (2) Statement I is incorrect but Statement II is correct.								
								(3) Both Statement I and Statement II are incorrect
08	0.08 kg air is heated at constant volume through 5°	C. The specific heat of air at constant volume is						
Ųυ	Q8. 0. 08 kg air is heated at constant volume through 5°C. The specific heat of air at constant volume is 0. 17 kcal kg ⁻¹ °C ⁻¹ and 1 J = 4. 18 joule cal ⁻¹ . The change in its internal energy is approximately.							
	(1) $318 \mathrm{J}$	(2) 298 J						
	(1) 010 0	(=) =000						

Q9. The average kinetic energy of a monatomic molecule is 0.414 eV at temperature:

(3) 284 J

(4) 142 J

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(Use $K_B = 1.38 \times 10^{-23} \,\mathrm{J \ mol^{-1} \ K^{-1}}$) athono // mathono // mathono //

(1) 3000 K

- (3) 1600 K
- /// mathongo /// mathongo (4) 1500 Khongo /// mathongo /// mathongo

Q10. An electric charge $10^{-6}~\mu\mathrm{C}$ is placed at origin $(0,~0)~\mathrm{m}$ of X - Y co-ordinate system. Two points P and Q are situated at $(\sqrt{3}, \sqrt{3})$ m and $(\sqrt{6}, 0)$ m respectively. The potential difference between the points P and Q

- will be:
- (1) $\sqrt{3} \text{ V}$

 $(2) \sqrt{6} V$

(3) 0 V

(4) 3 V// mathongo /// mathongo /// mathonao

Q11. A wire of resistance R and length L is cut into 5 equal parts. If these parts are joined parallely, then resultant mathongo ///._mathongo

 $(1) \frac{R}{25}$

(3) 25R

mathongo (4) 5R mathongo /// mathongo

Q12. A wire of length 10 cm and radius $\sqrt{7} \times 10^{-4}$ m connected across the right gap of a meter bridge. When a resistance of 4.5 Ω is connected on the left gap by using a resistance box, the balance length is found to be at 60 cm from the left end. If the resistivity of the wire is $R \times 10^{-7} \Omega$ m, then value of R is:

(1) 63

mathongo (2) 70nathongo /// mathongo

(3)66

(4) 35

Q13. A proton moving with a constant velocity passes through a region of space without any change in its velocity. If \vec{E} and \vec{B} represent the electric and magnetic fields respectively, then the region of space may have :

- Choose the most appropriate answer from the options given below:
- (A) E = 0, B = 0; (B) E = 0, $B \neq 0$; (C) $E \neq 0$, B = 0; (D) $E \neq 0$, $B \neq 0$
- (1) (A), (B) and (C) only

(2) (A), (C) and (D) only

(3) (A), (B) and (D) only

(4) (B), (C) and (D) only

Q14. A rectangular loop of length 2.5 m and width 2 m is placed at 60° to a magnetic field of 4 T. The loop is removed from the field in 10 sec. The average emf induced in the loop during this time is

(1) - 2 V

(2) + 2 V

(3) +1 V

(4) -1 V

Q15. A plane electromagnetic wave propagating in x-direction is described by

 $E_y = (200 \text{ V m}^{-1}) \sin[1.5 \times 10^7 \text{t} - 0.05 \text{x}]$; The intensity of the wave is : (Use $\epsilon_0 = 8.85 \times 10^{-12} \text{ C}^2 \text{ N}^{-1} \text{ m}^{-2}$)

- (1) 35.4 W m^{-2} (2) 53.1 W m^{-2} (3) 26.6 W m^{-2} (4) 106.2 W m^{-2}
- $(3) 26.6 \text{ W m}^{-2}$

Q16. If the refractive index of the material of a prism is $\cot(\frac{A}{2})$, where A is the angle of prism then the angle of minimum deviation will be

(1) $\pi - 2 A$

(2) $\frac{\pi}{2}$ - 2 A

(3) $\pi - A$

(4) $\frac{\pi}{2}$ - A

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- Q17. A convex lens of focal length 40 cm forms an image of an extended source of light on a photoelectric cell. A current I is produced. The lens is replaced by another convex lens having the same diameter but focal length 20 cm. The photoelectric current now is
 - $(1) \frac{1}{2}$

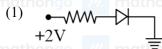
(2) 4I

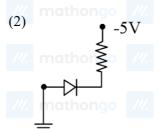
(3) 2I

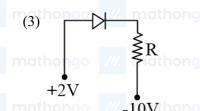
- mathongo (4) I mathongo ///
- **Q18.** The radius of third stationary orbit of electron for Bohr's atom is R. The radius of fourth stationary orbit will
 - $(1) \frac{4}{3}R$

 $(3) \frac{3}{4}R$

- (2) $\frac{16}{9}R$ mathong (4) $\frac{9}{16}R$ thong $\frac{7}{4}$
- Q19. Which of the following circuits is reverse biased?







- Q20. Identify the physical quantity that cannot be measured using spherometer: // mothonoo
 - (1) Radius of curvature of concave surface
- (2) Specific rotation of liquids

- (3) Thickness of thin plates (4) Radius of curvature of convex surface
- **Q21.** A particle starts from origin at t = 0 with a velocity \hat{si} m s^{-1} and moves in x y plane under action of a force which produces a constant acceleration of $(3\hat{i} + 2\hat{j})$ m s⁻². If the x-coordinate of the particle at that instant is 84 m, then the speed of the particle at this time is $\sqrt{\alpha}$ m s⁻¹. The value of α is _
- Q22. Four particles, each of mass 1 kg are placed at four corners of a square of side 2 m. The moment of inertia of the system about an axis perpendicular to its plane and passing through one of its vertex is _____ kg m².
- Q23. If average depth of an ocean is 4000 m and the bulk modulus of water is 2×10^9 N m⁻², then fractional compression $\frac{\Delta V}{V}$ of water at the bottom of ocean is $\alpha \times 10^{-2}$. The value of α is ______, (Given, $g=10\; m\; s^{-2},\; \rho=1000\; kg\; m^{-3})$
- Q24. A particle executes simple harmonic motion with an amplitude of 4 cm. At the mean position, velocity of the particle is 10 cm s⁻¹. The distance of the particle from the mean position when its speed becomes 5 cm s⁻¹ is $\sqrt{\alpha}$ cm, where $\alpha =$.

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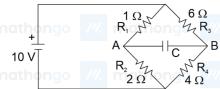
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Q25. A thin metallic wire having cross sectional area of 10^{-4} m² is used to make a ring of radius 30 cm. A positive charge of 2π C is uniformly distributed over the ring, while another positive charge of 30 pC is kept at the centre of the ring. The tension in the ring is _____ N; provided that the ring does not get deformed (neglect the influence of gravity).

(Given, $\frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} = 9 \times 10^9$ SI units) mathongo mathongo mathongo mathongo

Q26. The charge accumulated on the capacitor connected in the following circuit is ____ ///. mathongo ///. mathongo

(Given $C = 150 \mu F$)



Q27. Two long, straight wires carry equal currents in opposite directions as shown in figure. The separation between the wires is 5.0 cm. The magnitude of the magnetic field at a point P midway between the wires is $_{---}\mu T$. (Given: $\mu_0 = 4\pi imes 10^{-7} \, \mathrm{T \ m \ A^{-1}})$ mathongo /// mathongo /// mathongo

mathongo /// mathongo

Q28. Two coils have mutual inductance 0.002 H. The current changes in the first coil according to the relation $i = i_0 sin\omega t$, where $i_0 = 5$ A and $\omega = 50\pi$ rad s⁻¹. The maximum value of emf in the second coil is $\frac{\pi}{\alpha}$ V. The value of α is

Q29. Two immiscible liquids of refractive indices $\frac{8}{5}$ and $\frac{3}{2}$ respectively are put in a beaker as shown in the figure. The height of each column is 6 cm. A coin is placed at the bottom of the beaker. For near normal vision, the



- Q30. In a nuclear fission process, a high mass nuclide $(A \approx 236)$ with binding energy 7. 6 MeV/Nucleon dissociated into two middle mass nuclides (A \approx 118), having binding energy of 8. 6 MeV /Nucleon. The energy released in the process would be _____ MeV.
- **Q31.** The electronic configuration for Neodymium is: [Atomic Number for Neodymium 60]

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- $m (1) [Xe] 4f^4 6s^2$ mathongo /// mathongo (2) $[Xe] 5f^47s^2$ /// mathongo
 - (3) $[Xe] 4f^6 6s^2$

Q32. Which of the following electronic configuration would be associated with the highest magnetic moment?

- (1) $[Ar] 3d^7$
- (3) $[Ar] 3d^3$

- (2) $[Ar] 3d^8$
- (4) $[Ar] 3d^6$

Q33. Choose the polar molecule from the following:

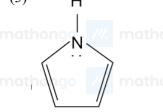
- $(1) \text{ CCl}_4$
- $(3) CH_2 = CH_2$

- (2) CO₂
- (4) CHCl₃

Q34. Which of the following is strongest Bronsted base?

n(1) hon NH_a

(2)





Q35. Given below are two statements:

Statement (I): Aqueous solution of ammonium carbonate is basic.

Statement (II): Acidic/basic nature of salt solution of a salt of weak acid and weak base depends on K_a and K_b value of acid and the base forming it.

In the light of the above statements, choose the most appropriate answer from the options given below:

- (1) Both Statement I and Statement II are correct
- (2) Statement I is correct but Statement II is incorrect
- (3) Both Statement I and Statement II are incorrect
- (4) Statement I is incorrect but Statement II is correct

Q36. Given below are two statements: one is labelled as Assertion (A) and the other is labelled as Reason (R).

Assertion (A): Melting point of Boron (2453 K) is unusually high in group 13 elements.

Reason (R): Solid Boron has very strong crystalline lattice.

In the light of the above statements, choose the most appropriate answer from the options given below;

- (1) Both (A) and (R) are correct but (R) Is not the correct explanation of (A)
- (2) Both (A) and (R) are correct and (R) is the correct explanation of (A)

(3) (A) is true but (R) is false

(4) (A) is false but (R) is true

Q37. IUPAC name of following compound (P) is:

$$(3)$$
 1 – Ethyl – 3, 3 – dimethylcyclohexane

$$(2)$$
 3 – Ethyl – 1, 1 – dimethylcyclohexane

$$(4)$$
 1, 1 – Dimethyl – 3 – ethylcyclohexane

Q38.



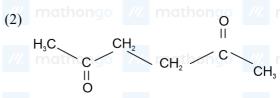
Cyclohexene

math type of an organic compound. ongois

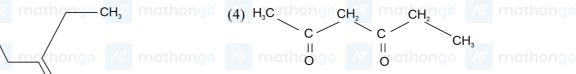
(1) Benzenoid aromatic

(3) Acyclic

Q39. Which of the following has highly acidic hydrogen?

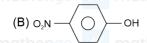






Q40. The ascending order of acidity of – OH group in the following compounds is:

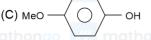
(A) Bu - OH







(C) MeO





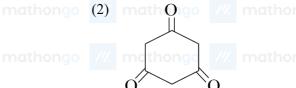
Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

Q41. Highest enol content will be shown by:

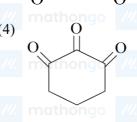
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 $^{(1)}$ 0







Q42. A solution of two miscible liquids showing negative deviation from Raoult's law will have:

- (1) increased vapour pressure, increased boiling matpoint
 - (3) decreased vapour pressure, decreased boiling
- (2) increased vapour pressure, decreased boiling point thongo
- (4) decreased vapour pressure, increased boiling point thongo

Q43. Element not showing variable oxidation state is:

(1) Bromine

(2) Iodine

(3) Chlorine

(4) Fluorine

Q44. NaCl reacts with conc. H₂ SO₄ and K₂ Cr₂ O₇ to give reddish fumes (B), which react with NaOH to give yellow solution (C). (B) and (C) respectively are;

(1) $CrO_2 Cl_2$, $Na_2 CrO_4$

(2) Na₂ CrO₄, CrO₂ Cl₂

(3) $CrO_2 Cl_2$, $KHSO_4$

(4) $CrO_2 Cl_2$, $Na_2 Cr_2 O_7$

Q45. Given below are two statements:

Statement (I): The 4f and 5f - series of elements are placed separately in the Periodic table to preserve the principle of classification.

Statement (II): s-block elements can be found in pure form in nature.

In light of the above statements, choose the most appropriate answer from the options given below:

- (1) Statement I is false but Statement II is true
- (2) Both Statement I and Statement II are true
- (3) Statement I is true but Statement II is false
- (4) Both Statement I and Statement II are false

Q46. Yellow compound of lead chromate gets dissolved on treatment with hot NaOH solution. The product of lead formed is a:

- (1) Tetraanionic complex with coordination number (2) Neutral complex with coordination number four
 - (3) Dianionic complex with coordination number six (4) Dianionic complex with coordination number four

Q47. Consider the following complex ions

$$P \; = \; [FeF_6]^{3-}, \; Q \; = \; [V(H_2O)_{\; 6}]^{2+}, \; R \; = \; [Fe(H_2O)_6]^{2+}$$

The correct order of the complex ions, according to their spin only magnetic moment values (in B.M.) is:

(3) Q < R < P

r(1) R < Q < P mathongo /// mathongo (2) R < P < Q /// mathongo /// mathongo

- (4) Q < P < R

Q48. The correct statement regarding nucleophilic substitution reaction in a chiral alkyl halide is;

- (1) Retention occurs in S_Nl reaction and inversion occurs in S_N 2 reaction.
- (3) Racemisation occurs in both S_N1 and S_N2 matreactions. /// mathongo /// mathongo
- (2) Racemisation occurs in S_Nl reaction and retention occurs in S_N2 reaction.
- (4) Racemisation occurs in S_N1 reaction and inversion occurs in S_N2 reaction.

Q49. Given below are two statements:

Statement (I): p-nitrophenol is more acidic than m-nitrophenol and o-nitrophenol.

Statement (II): Ethanol will give immediate turbidity with Lucas reagent.

In the light of the above statements, choose the correct answer from the options given below:

- (1) Statement I is true but Statement II is false
- (2) Both Statement I and Statement II are true
- (3) Both Statement I and Statement II are false
- (4) Statement I is false but Statement II is true

Q50. Two nucleotides are joined together by a linkage known as:

(1) Phosphodiester linkage

(2) Glycosidic linkage

(3) Disulphide linkage

(4) Peptide linkage

Q51. Mass of methane required to produce 22 g of CO after complete combustion is g. (Given Molar mass in g mol 1 , C=12.0, H=1.0, O=16.0) mathongo /// mathongo /// mathongo

- Q52. The number of electrons present in all the completely filled subshells having n = 4 and $s = +\frac{1}{2}$ is _____ (Where n = principal quantum number and <math>s = spin quantum number)
- Q53. Sum of bond order of CO and NO⁺ is mathongo /// mathongo /// mathongo /// mathongo
- **Q54.** If three moles of an ideal gas at $300~\mathrm{K}$ expand isothermally from $30~\mathrm{dm}^3$ to $45~\mathrm{dm}^3$ against a constant opposing pressure of 80 kPa, then the amount of heat transferred is J.

Q55. Among the following, total number of meta directing functional groups is (Integer based)

$$-\operatorname{OCH}_3, -\operatorname{NO}_2, -\operatorname{CN}, -\operatorname{CH}_3 - \operatorname{NHCOCH}_3, -\operatorname{COR}, -\operatorname{OH}, -\operatorname{COOH}, -\operatorname{Cl}$$

Q56. Among the given organic compounds, the total number of aromatic compounds is

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(A)







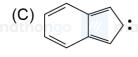


(B)







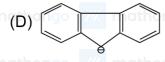




















Q57.3—Methylhex-2-ene on reaction with HBr in presence of peroxide forms an addition product (A). The number of possible stereoisomers for 'A' is mothors with mothors with mothors and mothors with mothors

Q58. The mass of silver (Molar mass of Ag : $108 \,\mathrm{gmol}^{-1}$) displaced by a quantity of electricity which displaces 5600 mL of O_2 at S.T.P. will be _____ g.

Q59. Consider the following data for the given reaction /// mathongo /// mathongo /// mathongo

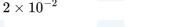
$$2\,{
m HI}_{
m (g)}
ightarrow {
m H}_{
m 2(\,g)} + {
m I}_{
m 2(\,g)}$$

$$\mathrm{HI}(\mathrm{molL}^{-1})$$
 /// mathon 0.008

$$0.01_{1}$$

Rate
$$\left(\text{molL}^{-1} \ \text{s}^{-1} \right) \quad \ 7.5 \times 10^{-4} \quad \ 3.0 \times 10^{-3} \quad \ 1.2 \times 10^{-2}$$

 $\mathrm{HI}(\mathrm{molL}^{-1})$ /// mathor 0.005 // m 0.01 ng 0.02 nathong /// mathong /// mathong





Q60. From the given list, the number of compounds with +4 oxidation state of Sulphur $\mathrm{SO}_3, \mathrm{H}_2\,\mathrm{SO}_3, \mathrm{SOCl}_2, \mathrm{SF}_4, \mathrm{BaSO}_4, \mathrm{H}_2\,\mathrm{S}_2\mathrm{O}_7$ and the mathenage \mathbb{Z}_2 mathenage \mathbb{Z}_2 mathenage \mathbb{Z}_2

(1) 1

- athongo /// mathongo /// mathongo
- (4) 2

mathongo /// mathongo /// mathongo **Q62.** The number of common terms in the progressions $4, 9, 14, 19, \ldots$, up to 25^{th} term and $3, 6, 9, 12, \ldots$ up to 37th term is:

(1)9

(2) 5

- /// mathongo /// mathongo /// mathongo /// mathongo

Q63. If A denotes the sum of all the coefficients in the expansion of $(1-3x+10x^2)^n$ and B denotes the sum of all the coefficients in the expansion of $(1+x^2)^n$, then : Mathongo Mathongo Mathongo

(1) $A = B^3$

- $M(3) B = A^3$ /// mathongo /// mathongo /// mathongo /// mathongo

Q64. $^{n-1}C_r = (k^2 - 8)^n C_{r+1}$ if and only if :

(1) $2\sqrt{2} < k < 3$

(2) $2\sqrt{3} < k < 3\sqrt{2}$

(3) $2\sqrt{3} < k < 3\sqrt{3}$

(4) $2\sqrt{2} < k < 2\sqrt{3}$

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Q65. The portion of the line 4x + 5y = 20 in the first quadrant is trisected by the lines L₁ and L₂ passing through the origin. The tangent of an angle between the lines L_1 and L_2 is : (1) $\frac{8}{5}$ mathongo /// mathongo (2) $\frac{25}{41}$ nathongo /// mathongo /// mathongo (3) $\frac{2}{5}$

Q66. Four distinct points (2k, 3k), (1, 0), (0, 1) and (0, 0) lie on a circle for k equal to :

- (1) $\frac{2}{13}$ (3) $\frac{5}{13}$ mathongo /// mathongo /// mathongo /// mathongo /// mathongo

Q67. If the shortest distance of the parabola $y^2 = 4x$ from the centre of the circle $x^2 + y^2 - 4x - 16y + 64 = 0$ is d, then d^2 is equal to :

(1) 16

- ngo /// mathongo /// mathongo /// mathongo /// mathongo /// mathongo

Q68. The length of the chord of the ellipse $\frac{x^2}{25} + \frac{y^2}{16} = 1$, whose mid point is $\left(1, \frac{2}{5}\right)$, is equal to:

(1) $\frac{\sqrt{1691}}{5}$ (2) $\frac{\sqrt{2009}}{5}$ (3) $\frac{\sqrt{1741}}{5}$ (4) $\frac{\sqrt{1541}}{5}$ hongo we mathongo we mathongo

If $a = \lim_{x \to 0} \frac{\sqrt{1 + \sqrt{1 + x^4} - \sqrt{2}}}{x^4}$ and $b = \lim_{x \to 0} \frac{\sin^2 x}{\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{1 + \cos x}}$, then the value of ab^3 is:

- n(3) 25 ngo /// mathongo /// mathongo /// mathongo /// mathongo

Q70. Let a_1, a_2, \ldots, a_{10} be 10 observations such that $\sum_{k=1}^{10} a_k = 50$ and $\sum_{\forall k < j} a_k \cdot a_j = 1100$. Then the standard deviation of a_1, a_2, \ldots, a_{10} is equal to:

- (1) 5 (2) $\sqrt{5}$ (3) 10 (2) $\sqrt{115}$ hongo (2) $\sqrt{5}$ mathongo (4) $\sqrt{115}$ hongo (7) mathongo (7)

Q71. Let $S = \{1, 2, 3, ..., 10\}$. Suppose M is the set of all the subsets of S, then the relation $R = \{(A, B) : A \cap B \neq \phi; A, B \in M\}$ is : (1) symmetric and reflexive only (2) reflexive only mathongo mathongo

(3) symmetric and transitive only

(4) symmetric only

Q72. athongo // mathon $\cos x - \sin x = 0$ | mathongo // sin $x - \cos x = 0$ | . Given below are two statements :

Statement I: f(-x) is the inverse of the matrix f(x).

Statement II: f(x) f(y) = f(x + y).

In the light of the above statements, choose the correct answer from the options given below

- (1) Statement I is false but Statement II is true
- (2) Both Statement I and Statement II are false
- (3) Statement I is true but Statement II is false
- (4) Both Statement I and Statement II are true

Q73. The function $f: N - \{1\} \to N$; defined by f(n) = the highest prime factor of n, is:

(1) both one-one and onto

(2) one-one only

(3) onto only

(4) neither one-one nor onto

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Q74. athongo /// mathongo
$$\left(\frac{a(7x-12-x^2)}{b|x^2-7x+12|}\right)$$
, $x<3$

to x. If S denotes the set of all ordered pairs (a, b) such that f(x) is continuous at x = 3, then the number of elements in S is:

- (1) 2
 (2) Infinitely many
 (3) 4 ongo /// mathongo /// mathongo /// mathongo /// mathongo

Q75. If $\int_0^1 \frac{1}{\sqrt{3+x}+\sqrt{1+x}} dx = a+b\sqrt{2}+c\sqrt{3}$, where a,b,c are rational numbers, then 2a+3 b-4c is equal to :

 $(2)\ 10$

- n(3) 7 ongo /// mathongo /// mathongo /// mathongo /// mathongo

Q76. If (a, b) be the orthocentre of the triangle whose vertices are (1, 2), (2, 3) and (3, 1), and

- $I_1=\int_a^b x \sinig(4x-x^2ig)\,dx, I_2=\int_a^b \sinig(4x-x^2ig)\,dx$, then $36rac{I_1}{I_2}$ is equal to :

- // n(3) 80 ngo /// mathongo /// mathongo /// mathongo /// mathongo

Q77. Let x=x(t) and y=y(t) be solutions of the differential equations $\frac{dx}{dt}+ax=0$ and $\frac{dy}{dt}+by=0$ respectively, $a,b\in R$. Given that x(0)=2 ; y(0)=1 and 3 y(1)=2 x(1), the value of t, for which x(t) = y(t), is: ///. mathongo ///. mathongo ///. mathongo ///. mathongo

 $(1) \log_{\frac{2}{3}} 2$

Q78. If $\overrightarrow{a} = \hat{i} + 2\hat{j} + \hat{k}$, $\overrightarrow{b} = 3(\hat{i} - \hat{j} + \hat{k})$ and \overrightarrow{c} be the vector such that $\overrightarrow{a} \times \overrightarrow{c} = \overrightarrow{b}$ and $\overrightarrow{a} \cdot \overrightarrow{c} = 3$, then mathons $\overrightarrow{a} = (\hat{i} + \hat{i} + \hat{k})$ mathons $\overrightarrow{a} = (\hat{i} + \hat{i} + \hat{k})$ mathons $\overrightarrow{a} = (\hat{i} + \hat{i} + \hat{k})$ and $\overrightarrow{a} = (\hat{i} + \hat{i} + \hat{i} + \hat{k})$ and $\overrightarrow{a} = (\hat{i} + \hat{i} + \hat{i} + \hat{k})$ and $\overrightarrow{a} = (\hat{i} + \hat{i} + \hat{i}$ $\overrightarrow{a} \cdot \left(\left(\overrightarrow{c} \times \overrightarrow{b} \right) - \overrightarrow{b} - \overrightarrow{c} \right)$ is equal to

- n(1) 32 ngo /// mathongo /// mathongo /// mathongo /// mathongo

(3) 20

Q79. The distance, of the point (7, -2, 11) from the line $\frac{x-6}{1} = \frac{y-4}{0} = \frac{z-8}{3}$ along the line $\frac{x-5}{2} = \frac{y-1}{-3} = \frac{z-5}{6}$, is:

(1) 12

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Q80. If the shortest distance between the lines $\frac{x-4}{1} = \frac{y+1}{2} = \frac{z}{-3}$ and $\frac{x-\lambda}{2} = \frac{y+1}{4} = \frac{z-2}{-5}$ is $\frac{6}{\sqrt{5}}$, then the sum of all possible values of λ is :

- (1) 5 ongo /// mathongo /// mathongo /// mathongo /// mathongo /// mathongo

Q81. If α satisfies the equation $x^2+x+1=0$ and $(1+\alpha)^7=\mathrm{A}+\mathrm{B}\alpha+\mathrm{C}\alpha^2,\ \mathrm{A},\ \mathrm{B},\mathrm{C}\geq 0,$ then 5(3 A - 2 B - C) is equal to

Q82. If $8 = 3 + \frac{1}{4}(3+p) + \frac{1}{4^2}(3+2p) + \frac{1}{4^3}(3+3p) + \dots \infty$, then the value of p is

- **Q83.** Let the set of all $a \in R$ such that the equation $\cos 2x + a \sin x = 2a 7$ has a solution be [p, q] and other sets of all $a \in R$ such that the equation $\cos 2x + a \sin x = 2a 7$ has a solution be [p, q] and other sets of all $a \in R$ such that the equation $\cos 2x + a \sin x = 2a 7$ has a solution be [p, q] and [q, q]
- - $AB_2 = \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 3 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, AB_3 = \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$ mathongo /// mathongo /// mathongo

If $\alpha = |B|$ and β is the sum of all the diagonal elements of B, then $\alpha^3 + \beta^3$ is equal to

- **Q85.** Let $f(x)=x^3+x^2f'(1)+xf''(2)+f'''(3),\ x\in R$. Then f'(10) is equal to
- **Q86.** Let for a differentiable function $f:(0,\infty) o R$, $f(x)-f(y)\geq \log_e\Bigl(rac{x}{y}\Bigr)+x-y, orall x,y\in(0,\infty)$. Then $\sum_{n=1}^{20} f'(\frac{1}{n^2})$ is equal to
- **Q87.** Let the area of the region $\{(x,y): x-2y+4\geq 0, x+2y^2\geq 0, x+4y^2\leq 8, y\geq 0\}$ be $\frac{m}{n}$, where m and n are coprime numbers. Then m+n is equal to $\underline{\underline{ngo}}$. $\underline{\underline{mathongo}}$ $\underline{\underline{mathongo}}$ $\underline{\underline{mathongo}}$ $\underline{\underline{mathongo}}$
- **Q88.** If the solution of the differential equation $(2x+3y-2)dx+(4x+6y-7)dy=0,\ y(0)=3$, is $\alpha x+\beta y+3\log_e|2x+3y-\gamma|=6$, then $\alpha+2\beta+3\gamma$ is equal to _____.
- **Q89.** The least positive integral value of α , for which the angle between the vectors $\alpha \hat{i} 2\hat{j} + 2\hat{k}$ and $\alpha \hat{i} + 2\alpha \hat{j} 2\hat{k}$ is acute, is
- Q90. A fair die is tossed repeatedly until a six is obtained. Let X denote the number of tosses required and let $a=P(X=3), b=P(X\geq 3)$ and $c=P(X\geq 6\mid X>3).$ Then $\frac{b+c}{a}$ is equal to mathongo we mathongo we mathongo we mathongo

ANSWER KEY	/S	7% manua go	//. mmim ego ///.	murini go 🚜	/ 1
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33. (4) 34. (2)	35. (6)	36. (4)	37. (1200) 38. (4)	39. (1)	40. (2)
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